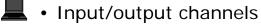
## Bringing it together

- Humans
- Computers
- Interaction
  - SDLC
- Paradigms
  - Interaction Design
  - Design Rules
  - Implementation Support

## Humans



- - Memory

## **Humans Thinking**

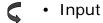
- Reasoning
- **\**
- Problem solving
- -
  - Errors
    - \_

## Humans

- Emotions
- Social Beings
- - Individual differences
  - Levels of knowing
    - \_
    - -



what constitutes a computer?



- Memory

- Output

Individual differences

Computers

Thinking and reasoning

Problem solving

Errors

Emotion

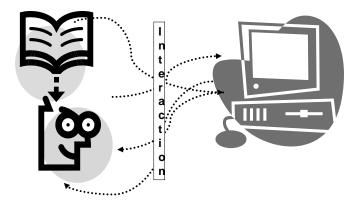
## Interaction











Human 'world view'

Computer 'world view'

## Interaction



Models



• Interaction model to problem solving model



• Ergonomics



Interface types

# SDLC Main models model adv disadv HCI in model -

## Paradigms Time sharing Videos Tool kits PC WIMP Direct(?) manipulation CCSW www Ubiquitous

Context aware

• Scope

Goal seeking

- Hierarchies, networks

Structures

Interaction design -structure

## What is design? The design process Users scenarios personas

play actLimitations

Interaction Design

## Web design



**\** 

Content design

.

• Site design

\_

\_

## Form design



basic



– Grouping

- Structure

Ordering

AlignmentInteraction

- What to do

- What is available

- Affordances

Appearances

- Aesthetics vrs utility

- Colour

internationalisation

## Design Rules



**S** -

• Standards

Guidelines

\_

Design rules - models



• Nielsen



\* • Shneiderman



• Norman

• Design Patterns

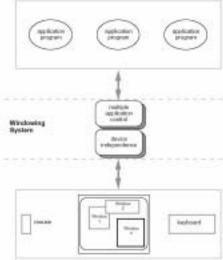












## I mplementation support





Models of control



• Implementation techniques

• Emerging trend – why?

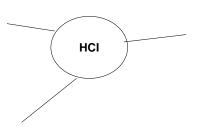
## Bringing it together











## Guest Lectures



• Miriam Walker's View of Commercial HCI





• Beryl's Pen Software



• Suzanne Currie's job and tools she uses.